

#### PHARMACY 1ST PROFESSIONAL ANNUAL EXAMINATIONS 2022

Paper-I (Pharmaceutical Chemistry-I (Organic))

**Section-A** 

)	Roll No:
	Sign:

#### **Note Please:**

- 1. This is Section A. You have to return this sheet to the examiner within **30** minutes.
- 2. Copying, cutting, talking is strictly prohibited, and lead to the cancellation of your paper.

Time Allowed: 30 Minutes Maximum Marks: 40

#### Q.1: Choose the correct answer.

1.	The exam	nle of	indole	alkaloid	is
1.	THE CAUTH	pic oi	madic	unununu	1 L

A. Quinine

B. Morphine

C. Cocaine

D. Strychnine

2. Determine the relationship between the two molecules shown.

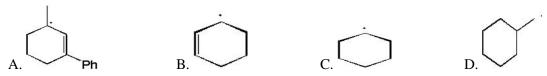
A. constitutional isomers

B. enantiomers

C. diastereomers

D. identical molecules

3. Which of the following is the most stable radical?



- 4. The Williamson ether synthesis produces ethers by reacting an
  - A. alcohol with a metal.
- B. alkoxide with a metal.
- C. alkoxide with an alkyl halide.

- D. alkyl halide with an aldehyde.
- 5. Diel-Alder is an example of
  - A. Nucleophilic addition
- B. Electrophil addition
- C. Pericyclic reaction D. None
- 6. Which of the following compounds does NOT give a tertiary alcohol upon reaction with methylmagnesium bromide?
  - A. 3-methylpentanal
- B. ethyl benzoate

C. 4,4-dimethylcyclohexanone

D. 4-heptanone

7. Orientation of elimination reaction follows?

A. Saytzeff rule

B. Markanicove rule

C. Michael addition

D. None

8. In which of the following geometrical isomer is not possible?

A. ethane

B. propene

C. 2-pentene

D. Both A and B

1

9. The net result of the Diels-Alder reaction is formation of \_\_\_\_\_ new sigma bonds.

A. 4

B. 3

C. 2

D.

10. All involves carbonium ion except?

A. Wolf reaction

B. Aldol-condensation

C. Hofmann reaction

D. Beckmann reaction

11. Nitrenes are nitrogen analogous of?

A. Carbocations

B. Carbanions

C. Carbenes

D. Benzyne

12. W	Thich one is Lucast reagent?			
	A. HCl/NaNO <sub>3</sub>	B. H <sub>2</sub> /Pd	C. HCl/ZnCl <sub>2</sub>	D. H <sub>2</sub> /Pd/BaSO <sub>4</sub>
13. W	which of the following does n	ot undergo Friedal Craft's Rea	actions.	
	A. Furan	B. Pyridine	C. Pyrole	D. Thiophene
14. Ba	neyer Villiger Oxidation can	lead to formation of ?		
	A. Lactones, esters an	d carboxylic acids B. Lactone	s, esters and aldehydes	
	C. Lactams, esters and	d carboxylic acids D. Lactone	es, esters and Ketones	
15. O	ptical isomer with equal but	opposite angle of rotation is c	alled	
	A. Enantiomer	B. Epimer	C. Conformer	D. Anomer
Q2. True	/False statements/Fill in the	e blanks (Ten statements eac	ch carrying 1 mark)	(10)
1 R	esonance always increases t	ne stability of a molecule		

- 1. Resonance always increases the stability of a molecule
- 2. NH<sub>2</sub> and NO<sub>2</sub> both are activating groups.
- 3. Product of wolf rearrangement is called Adduct.
- 4. Ag<sub>2</sub>O is used as a catalyst in Beckman rearrangement.
- 5. Chiral compounds have cis and trans-isomers.
- 6. Fluorine atom is an example of free radical.
- 7. Zn dust is used for the conversion of succinimide to furan.
- 8. Primary amines form salts with acids.
- 9. All stereoisomers are optically active.
- 10. Cannizaro reaction give rise to carboxylic acid



#### PHARMACY 1<sup>ST</sup> PROFESSIONAL ANNUAL EXAMINATIONS 2022

# Paper-I (Pharmaceutical Chemistry-I (Organic)) Section-B

Time Allowed: 2: 30 Minutes Maximum Marks: 60

#### Note: Attempt any three questions out of five. Each question carries equal (20) marks.

- Q3. a. What is electrophilic substitution reaction? Discuss mechanism of nitration of benzene in detail.
  - b. Write detail note on structure, synthesis, chemical properties and pharmaceutical application of quinoline.
- Q4. a. What is racemic mixture? Write methods for resolution of racemates.
  - b. What is chiral carbon? Explain optical isomerism in detail.
- Q5. Explain the following with examples and mechanism
  - a. Arndt-Eistert reaction
  - b. Diels Alder reaction
- Q6. a. Write down complete details of Baeyer-Villiger oxidation and also write their pharmaceutical applications.
  - b. Provide detail mechanism of Aldol condensation reactions.
- Q7. Write notes on any four from the following, each carry equal marks. (5+5+5+5)
  - (a) Hyper conjugation
  - (b) Williamson's ether synthesis
  - (c) Inductive effects
  - (d) Friedel crafts alkylation
  - (e) Pinacol-pinacolone rearrangement



#### SHAHEED BENAZIR BHUTTO UNIVERSITY SHERINGAL PHARM-D 1<sup>st</sup> PROFESSIONAL ANNUAL EXAMINATIONS 2022

## Paper-II (Pharmaceutical Chemistry-II (Biochemistry)

ction-A	•	• •	Roll No:
			Sign:

#### **Note Please:**

- 1. This is Section A. You have to return this sheet to the examiner within 30 minutes.
- 2. Copying, cutting, talking is strictly prohibited, and lead to the cancellation of your paper.

Time Allowed: 30 Minutes

Maximum Marks: 40

O.1 Choose the correct answer. (30)

- I. Enzymes, which are produced in inactive form in the living cells, are called
  - i. Papain ii. Lysozymes iii. Apo enzymes iv. Proenzymes
- II. All of the following vitamins have antioxidant properties except
  - i. Beta carotene ii. Ascorbic acid iii. Tocoferol iv. Cholicalciferol
- III. Neutral fat is stored in
  - i. Liver ii. Pancreas iii. Adipose tissue iv. Brain
- IV. The number of double bonds in arachidonic acid is
  - i. 1 ii. 2 iii. 4 iv. 6
- V. Monosaccharide's obtained by hydrolysis of starch is
  - i. Glucose ii. Maltose iii. Galactose iv. Ribose
- VI. An essential amino acid in man is
  - i. Aspartate ii. Tyrosine iii. Methionine iv. Serine
- VII. Which of the following carbohydrate is dietary fiber?
  - i. Cellulose ii. Starch iii. Glycogen iv. Inulin
- VIII. The number of amino acids in the A and B chain respectively is
  - i. 19 and 28 ii. 21 and 30 iii. 25 and 35 iv. 29 and 38
  - IX. RNA does not contain
    - i. Uracil ii. Adenine iii. Thymine iv. Ribose
  - X. The digestive enzyme belongs to
    - i. Isomerase ii. Transferase iii. Hydrolases iv.Ligase
- XI. At neutral pH, a mixture of amino acids in solution would be predominantly:
  - i.Dipolar ions ii. Nonpolar molecules iii.Positive and monovalent iv. Hydrophobic
- XII. Glycogen in animals are stored in
  - i. liver and spleen ii. liver and muscles iii. liver and bile
  - ii. liver and adipose tissue
- XIII. The degradative Processes are categorized under the heading of i. Anabolism ii. Catabolism iii. Metabolism iv. None of the above

XIV. An organ which is extremely sensitive to ammonia toxicity is

i. Liver

ii. Brain

iii. Kidney

iv. Heart

XV. Which of the following is required as a reductant in fatty acid synthesis.

i. NADH

ii. NADPH

iii. FADH<sub>2</sub>

iv. FMNH<sub>2</sub>

Q2. Write 'T' for True and 'F' for False:

(10)

I.Stearic acid is a 20 carbon fatty acid.

II.A holoenzyme is co-enzyme.

III. The principal sugar in blood is galactose.

IV.Capsule shell is made up of gelatin.

V.Insulin is an anti – diabetic agent derived from cellulose.

VI.Methionine is an essential amino acid for human.

VII.Cellulose is made up of the molecules of \( \mathcal{B}\)-glucose.

VIII.Bromine water is a reagent that can be used to differentiate in aldose and a ketose.

IX.DNA does not contain uracil.

X.Vitamin D is a water soluble vitamin.



#### SHAHEED BENAZIR BHUTTO UNIVERSITY SHERINGAL PHARM-D 1<sup>st</sup> PROFESSIONAL ANNUAL EXAMINATIONS 2022

# Paper-II (Pharmaceutical Chemistry-II (Biochemistry) Section-B

#### NOTE: Attempt any three questions. All questions carry equal marks.

1)	(a) Define enzyme. Discuss mechanism of action of enzymes.	(10)
	(b) Discuss enzyme induction and enzyme inhibition.	(10)
2)	(a) Define and Classify carbohydrates.	(10)
	(b) Write note on glucose and sucrose.	(10)
3)	(a) Define and classify proteins and amino acids.	(10)
	(b) Discuss urea cycle.	(10).
4)	(a) What are primary and secondary messengers? Write a detail note on cA	MP,
	inositoltriphosphate (IP3) and calcium ions.	(20)
5)	Write note on any of the two of the following.	(10+10)
	(i) Beta oxidation	
	(ii) Recombinant DNA technology	
	(iii) Electron transport chain and oxidative phosphorylation	



### PHARMACY FIRST PROFESSIONAL EXAMINATIONS ANNUAL-2022

 ${\bf PAPER\text{-}III}~({\bf PHARMACEUTICS\text{-}I}~({\bf PHYSICAL}~{\bf PHARMACY}))$ 

#### **Section-A**

<b>Note Please:</b>
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1. This is Section A. You have to return this sheet to the examiner within 30 minutes.

2 Conving cutting talking is strictly prohibited, and lead to the cancellation of your

naner	promotica, and icad to the	ic cancenation of your
paper. Time Allowed: 30 Minutes		Maximum Marks: 40
Q.1. Choose the most appropriate answe	r.	Marks: 20
i is the process in which water mole	cule reacts chemically	with the ions of a solute.
A) Hydration	B) Hydrolysis	
C) Both a & b	D) None	
ii is a term used to describe the gen	eral shape of crystal.	
A) Crystal lattice	B) Crystal habit	
C) Crystallite	D) All of these	
iii. Surface used for adsorption is called a	as	
A) Adsorbate	B) Adsorbent	
C) Sorption	D) None of these	
iv. All of the following are examples of un	nofficial books except:	
A) Remington's: the practice of Pharmacy	B) Extra Pharmacopoe	eia
C) The United States dispensary	D) Merck Index	
v. All of the following are examples of no	n-ionic surfactants exc	ept:
A) Spans	B) Tweens	
C) Alkyl poly oxy ethylene	D) Sodium decanoate	
vi. All of the following are the examples of c	onstitutive properties of	solutions except:
A) Refractive index	B) Surface tension	
C) Solubility	D) Molecular weight	
vii. Ebbulioscopic constant is directly propor	ctional to:	
A) Molarity	B) Molality	
C) Normality	D) None of these	
viii. Osmotic pressure depends on All of the	following except:	
A) Number of moles of solute	B) Molarity	
C) Absolute temperature	D) Nature of solute	
ix. In real solutions if cohesive forces between	en molecules of compone	ents are more than adhesive
forces then behavior of solution with Raoult	's law will be:	
A) Positive deviation observed	B) Negative deviation of	bserved
C) Solutions will obey Roults Law	D) None of these	
x. The use of an emulsifier is HLB range	of 13-15 is:	
A) Antifoaming agent	B) W/O emulsifier	
C) Detergent	D) Wetting agent	P.T.O

Q2. Tick	Marks: 20					
I.	I. Pharmacy is derived from a Greek word.					
II.	II. Buffer capacity of a solution will be maximum when pH=pKa					
III.	III. 1.3 % W/V solution of sodium nitrate is isotonic to body fluids.					
IV.	<b>IV.</b> Sieving is indirect method for determination of particle size.					
V.	<b>T/F</b>					
VI.	VI. Sublimation takes place above the triple point.					
VII.	VII. Lyophilization is also called as gelsiccation.					
VIII.	Evaporation is directly proportional to surface area.	<b>T/F</b>				
IX.	IX. Paste is an example of Newtonian fluid.					
	Half-life of first order reaction is given by the equation is dep	endent on initial				
	concentration.	<b>T/F</b>				



# PHARMACY FIRST PROFESSIONAL EXAMINATIONS ANNUAL-2022 PAPER-III (PHARMACEUTICS-I (PHYSICAL PHARMACY))

#### **Section-B**

Time Allowed: 2:30 Hours Maximum Marks: 60

General Instructions: Possession and use of Mobile phone & other electronic devices which can be helpful in examination is strictly prohibited in the examination hall and can lead to the cancellation of paper and examination

Note:	Attemr	ot anv	three c	questions	from	this	portion.
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- Q3. Define micromeretics. Explain various methods for determination of particle size.(20)
- Q4. What is solubilization? Write a detail account of surfactants. (20)
- Q5. What are colloids? Write a note on methods for preparation of colloids. (20)
- **Q6.** What is adsorption? Differentiate between Physisroption and chemisorptions. (20)
- Q7. Write notes on any TW0 of the following (20)
  - a. Distillation
  - **b.** Branches of Pharmacy
  - c. Lyophilization



# PHARMACY FIRST PROFESSIONAL EXAMINATIONS 2022 PAPER-IV (PHYSIOLOGY)

#### **Section-A**

Roll No: _		
Sign:		

#### **Note Please:**

- 1. This is Section A. You have to return this sheet to the examiner within 30 minutes.
- 2. Copying, cutting, talking is strictly prohibited, and lead to the cancellation of your paper.

Time Allowed: 30 Minutes			Maximum Marks: 40		
Q 1. Choose the correct answer			30		
1.	Sympathetic stimulation	of the heart			
	a. Increases the heart ra	ate b. Ir	acreases the contractilit	y of heart muscle	
	c. Shifts the Frank –star	ling curve to the left	d. All		
2.	Which of the following	nerve controls skeleta	skeletal muscle?		
	a. Somatic b .Par	asympathetic c. sy	mpathetic d. En	teric	
3.	What percentage of v	entricular filling is	normally accomplish	ed before atrial	
	contraction begins?				
	a. 0% b. 209	% c. 80	0% d. 10	0%	
4.	, collectively	are all the chemical n	mical messangers other than antibodies secreted		
	by lymphocytes.				
	a. Interlukin 1 b. cytok	c. P.	rostaglindins d. No	one	
5.	in the hyp	oothalamus is the boo	the body's master biological clock.		
	a. Supraoptic nucleus	b. Preoptic nucleus	c. Suprachiasmatic r	nucleus d. all	
6.	Which of the following	is not a neurotransmi	tter		
	a. Glutamic acid	b. Acetylcholine	c. Tyrosine	d. serotonin	
7.	Which of the following	is not required for clo	ot formation?		
	a. Calcium	b. Prostacyclin	c. Prothrombin	d. None	
8.	A hormone that has its	primary function ,th	tion ,the regulation of other endocrine gland is		
	classified as				
	a. Paracrine hormone	b. Tropic hormone	c. Master hormone	d.all	
9.	helps to cont	trol blood pressure ar	d Regional blood flow.		

- a. Baro receptor reflex b. Hormones c. Auto regulation d.All 10. Capillary exchange is enhanced by a. Extensive branching b. The respiratory pump d. a and c c. slow rate of flow through capillaries 11. The most important factor in determining the percent oxygen saturation of haemoglobin is a. The partial pressure of oxygen b. Acidity c. Temperature d BPG 12. In which of following situation would the metabolic rate increases b. stimulation of Parasympathetic nervous system a. Sleep c. increased secretion of thyroid Hormones d. None 13. Oral contraceptive work by a. Causing thickening of cervical mucus b. inhibiting release of FSH and LH. c. Preventing ovulation d. All 14. What would be the net filtration pressure if glomerular hydrostatic pressure = 40mm of Hg, Capsular hydrostatic pressure = 10 mm of Hg and blood colloid osmotic pressure = 30 mm of = Hg ?a. 20 mm of Hg b. 0 mm of Hg c. 60 mm of Hg d. 80 mm of Hg 15. If glucose is not needed for immediate ATP production, it can be used for a. Vitamin synthesis c. Amino acid synthesis d. None b. gluconeogenesis
- **Q2:** Write (T) for true and (F) for false statement. **10**
- 1. The velocity at which muscle shortens depends entirely on the ATPase activity of its fibers.
- 2. When skeletal muscle is maximally stretched, it can develop maximal tention on contraction.
- 3. A pacemaker potential always initiates an action potential..
- 4. An increase level of potassium ions in extracellular fluid decreases the cardia Contractions.
- 5. S1 sound is produced by turbulence associated with closure of SL valves.
- 6. The atria and ventricles always act as a functional syncytium.
- 7. When an individual consumes large amounts of proteins he or she will excrete more Glucose.
- 8. The ability of Kidneys to produce concentrated urine depends upon active transport mechanism.
- 9. Hemoglobin can carry only oxygen.
- 10. Specific adaptative responses are accomplished by neutrophils.



#### PHARMACY FIRST PROFESSIONAL EXAMINATIONS 2022

#### PAPER-IV (PHYSIOLOGY)

#### **Section-B**

Time Allowed: 2:30 Hours

**Maximum Marks: 60** 

General Instructions: Possession and use of Mobile phone & other electronic devices which can be helpful in examination is strictly prohibited in the examination hall and can lead to the cancellation of paper and examination on report.

#### Paper Instructions: Attempt any three questions. Draw a clean and neat diagram.

Q 3.	Discuss	
	1. Discuss WBC,s in detail.	10
	2. Lung volumes and capacities.	10
Q 4.	1. What is Hormone? Discuss its various types.	08
	2. Discuss mechanism of action, release, transport and physoiolo hormone in detail.	egical action of Thyroid 12
Q 5.	1. Define immunity. Discuss types of immunity in detail.	10
	2. Discuss diabetes mellitus .	10
Q 6.	1. Differentiate between neurons and neuroglia	10
	2. What is Neuro mascular junction? Explain how action potential	is produced and
	propagated across the neuromascular junction?	10
Q 7.	Write short notes on any two of the following.	
	1. Intrinsic Pathway of blood clotting.	10
	2. Phagocytosis and pinocytosis	10
	3. Glomerular filteration.	10



 $\mathsf{C}$ 

# PHARM-D (1st Professional Annual Examination 2022)

#### **Note Please:**

- 1. This is Section A. You have to return this sheet to the examiner within 30 minutes.
- 2. Copying, cutting, talking is strictly prohibited, and lead to the cancellation of your paper.

Time Allowed: 30 Minutes			Maximum Marks: 20			
		S	ection A			
Q.I: Choose the	e most suitable	answer:				
1- Skeletal mus	scle attached to	bones by				
(a) li	gaments	(b) tendon	(c) n	nuscle	(d) nor	ne
2- The chamb	per of the heart	with the thickest	myocardium	is the		
(a) le	ft ventricle	(b) right	t auricle	(c) left auricl	e	(d) right ventricle
3- Cytoskeleto	on is a network o	oftypes o	f protein fil	aments that exte	nd throug	ghout the cytoplasm
(a) O	ne	(b) Two	ı	(c) Three		(d) Four
<b>4-</b> cor	nnects the laryng	gopharynx with tl	ne trachea; l	nouses the vocal	cords	
(a) pl	harynx	(b) cricoid carti	lage (c) th	nyroid cartilage	(d) lary	ynx
5- Flap of tiss	ue in the fetus t	hat covers the for	amen ovale	within a few sec	conds aft	er birth is
(a) So	eptum primum	(b) septum (c	e) A and B	(d) None of t	he given.	
<b>6</b> - Fat-filled gr	coove visible on	the surface of the	heart; coro	onary vessels are	also loca	ated in these areas
(a) S	ulcus (b) system	nic circuit (c) SA	node (d) Al	ll of the given		
7 Drain	s blood from the	e temporal region	and flows i	nto the external	jugular v	vein
(a) N	Maxillary vein	(b) Internal jug	ularvein	(c) Temporal	vein,	(d) none of these.

P.T.O.....

8- Mast	cells contain	_						
	(a) Heparin,	(b) histam	ine,	(c) both,	(d)none.			
9	9Receives most of the smaller vessels from the inferior cerebral veins and leads to the							
	straight sinus							
	a. Great cerebral	wein (b)	Straight sinus	(c) Cortex	(d) All			
10	Drains blood from	m digital vein	s and vessels on t	he superior surfac	ee of the foot			
	(a) Plantar venous	arch	(b) Fibular v	ein				
	(c) interatrial septu	m	(d) Dorsal v	enous arch				
Q.II Ma	ark True Or False				(10 Marks)			
1.	Plantar veins drain the foot and flow into the plantar venous arch. (T/F)							
2.	Lipids are available to the body from three sources. (T/F)							
3.	Enterokinase enzyme located in the wall of the small intestine that activates trypsin. (T/F)							
4.	The left kidney is located at about the T12 to L3 vertebrae. (T/F)							
5.	Each kidney weighsabout125–175g in males and 115–155g in females (T/F)							
6.	The most numerous white blood cells in a differential white blood cell count of a healthy							
	individual are the neutrophils. (T/F)							
7.	The renal column	ns are connect	ive tissue extensi	ons that radiate do	ownward from the Medulla.			
					(T/F)			
8.	Thyroid cartilage	forms the an	terior wall of the	larynx. ( <b>T/F</b> )				
9.	,			•	ary adaptive response.			
	with 5 y 50			, a same a april.	(T/F)			
10.	The lumen of an	artery is large	r than in a compa	rable vein. ( <b>T/F</b> )	()			

## PAPER-V (ANATOMY & HISTOLOGY)

## Pharm-D ( $f 1^{ m st}$ Professional Annual Examination 2022)

Time Allowed: 2:30 Hours Maximum Marks: 30

General Instructions: Possession and use of Mobile phone & other electronic devices which can be helpful in examination is strictly prohibited in the examination hall and can lead to the cancellation of paper and examination on report.

#### **Section-B**

Paper Instructions: Attempt any three questions. All questions carry equal marks.

- Q 3- Describe anatomy of (a) Cerebrum (b) Thalamus
- **Q 4-** Describe anatomy of Liver and diaphram.
- **Q** 5- Describe (a) layers of skin
  - (b) Structure of Adrenal Gland
- Q 6- Describe anatomy of heart in detail?
- **Q** 7- Write short notes on (a) Small intestine (b) Skeletal Muscles



# SHAHEED BENAZIR BHUTTO UNIVERSITY SHERINGAL PHARMACY FIRST PROFESSIONAL ANNUAL EXAMINATIONS 2022 PAPER-VI (ENGLISH)

#### **Section-A**

#### **Note Please:**

- 1. This is Section A. You have to return this sheet to the examiner within 30 minutes.
- 2. Copying, cutting, talking is strictly prohibited, and lead to the cancellation of your paper.

Time Allowed: 30 Minutes				Maximum Marks: 40		
Q.1 Select the appropriate Choice with four option. 30						
iis a word used in	nstead of a nar	ne, place or pe	rson.			
(a). Noun	(b). Pro	noun	(c). Both a & b	(d). N	on of these	
ii tells us about the su	bject in a sente	ence.				
(a) Clause	(b). Phra	ase	(c). Aspect	(d). Ge	rund	
iii. Gerund is the	of the verb.					
(a). ing-form (b)	). Second	(c). Th	aird form	(d). None of the	ese	
iv. Have and has are the helping verbs intense.						
(a). Present simple	(b). Pres	ent perfect	(c). Past perfec	t (d). Pas	st simple	
v. Memos are usually page(s) long.						
(a). 5	(b). 2		(c). 3	(d).1		
vi. The key points of a form	nal letter is wr	ritten in	. part of a letter.			
(a). Postscript	(b). Body	(c). Opening	(d). Closi	ng		
vii. A summary of the appl	icant at the sta	art of the CV ac	ets as a			
(a). letter of recom	mendation	(b). Statement	of objectives	(c). Synopsis	(d). Preface	
viii. A Résumé is a word oflanguage.						
(a). American	(b). Ger	man	(c). English	(d). French		

P.T.O.....

ix	ix is a letter of introduction attached to or accompanying another document such as a						
	résumé or a curriculum vit	tae.					
	(a). Covering letter	(b). Letter of motiva	tion (c). Letter of rec	commendations	(d)both a & b		
x. A is a concise piece of writing that uses facts and evidence to look at issues, situation							
	events or findings.						
	(a). Letter	(b). Memo.	(c). Report	(d). None	e		

#### Q.2 Mark as True (T) or False (F)

**(20)** 

- 1. Quotations are indirect speeches.
- 2. Technical writing is a type of writing where the author is writing about a particular subject that requires direction, instruction, or explanation.
- 3. Paraphaing and Summarizing are same type of writings.
- 4. There is no difference between covering letter and the letter of motivation.
- 5. Memorandums, or memos for short, are used in place of formal letters for internal communication.
- 6. An act of putting forward or stating something for consideration is called Proposal.
- 7. Translation is a mental activity in which a meaning of given linguistic discourse is rendered from one language to another.
- 8. An adverb modifies the meaning of a noun.
- 9. Myself, himself, herself, themselves are examples of personal pronouns.
- 10. The reported and reporting speeches are parts of the indirect narration.

## PHARMACY FIRST PROFESSIONAL EXAMINATIONS 2021 PAPER-VI (ENGLISH)

**Section-B** 

Time Allowed: 2:30 Hours **Maximum Marks: 60** 

General Instructions: Possession and use of Mobile phone & other electronic devices which can be helpful in examination is strictly prohibited in the examination hall and can lead to the cancellation of paper and examination on report.

#### Paper Instructions: Attempt any three questions. All questions carry equal marks.

- Q.3 What are parts of Speech? Elaborate your answer with the examples of their usage. (20)
- Q.4 What is an Essay? What are different stages of Essay writing? (20)
- 0.5 What is the difference between a letter and Memo? Discuss different types of letters/ letter writings in detail.
- Q.6 What are study skills? Highlight different kinds of study skills/readings.
- **Q**.7 Write short note on the following.

(20)

- i. Active and Passive Voice.
- ii. Clause and Sentence

iii. Report writing

iv. Use of Internet.